

## Wants Filled Over Night.

20 words for 10 cents in The World  
(Specially Saturdays)—one night's  
sleep—and a situation in the morn-  
ing. Often done for others; why not  
for you?

PRICE ONE CENT.

## LAST EDITION. SORRENTO IS SAFE.

Floated from Her Perilous  
Position Shortly After  
Noon Unaided.

NOW ON HER WAY TO PORT.

She Stranded in a Dense Fog on  
the Outer Bar of Great  
South Bay.

WENT AGROUND AT DAYBREAK.

The Tide Was Low at the Time  
and the Sea Calm—Life-  
Savers Not Needed.

FIRE ISLAND, Sept. 6.—The German  
steamship Sorrento, Capt. Jorgensen,  
from Hamburg for New York, went  
ashore at 5 o'clock this morning at  
Bellport, L. I., fourteen miles east of  
here.

At 12:25 P. M. the Sorrento was floated  
and resumed her voyage westward,  
proceeding for New York.

BELLPORT, L. I., Sept. 6.—The Sor-  
rento went ashore on the outer bar of  
Great South Bay, at a point nearly op-  
posite this village.

A dense fog prevailed at the time.  
The life-saving crew went to the res-  
cue of the stranded ship's passengers  
to take them ashore if there was danger  
of the vessel going to pieces.

Captains of all the local sailing craft  
also went over to Great South Beach to  
be of service if required.

The sea was calm, and the ship was in  
no immediate danger.

At the office of French, Edye & Co.,  
to whom the vessel is consigned, it was  
stated that no further particulars had  
yet been received.

She has on board ninety-six steerage  
passengers. The exact number of her  
crew was not known at the agents' office,  
but is thought to consist of about thirty-  
five men all told.

The only way they could account for  
the accident is the fact that in the  
dense fog that prevailed early this morn-  
ing the Sorrento ran aground.

As soon as the news was received at  
the office of French, Edye & Co., prepara-  
tions were at once made to send a wreck-  
ing crew to her assistance.

Captain Miller, superintendent of the  
line, left for the scene at once by train.  
As she went on at low tide her agents  
hoped to float her at high water shortly  
after noon.

This was, of course, simply speculation  
on their part, as it was not known how  
hard aground she is or in what position  
she lies.

The Sorrento is an iron vessel of 1,527  
tons net and 2,271 tons gross. She is 320  
feet long, 36 feet beam and 24 feet deep.  
She was built at Glasgow in 1881 by A. S. S. &  
Sons, and her hulling port is  
Hamburg.

She is owned by R. M. Sloman. Her  
agents in this city are Messrs. French,  
Edye & Co.

VESSEL SUNK OFF CHATHAM.

Unknown Schooner Believed to  
Have Struck the Rocks.

(By Associated Press.)

CHATHAM, Mass., Sept. 6.—There is  
a large, unknown three-masted schooner  
sunk off here.

It is believed that she ran on the  
rocks during the fog last night.

SCHOONER HITS A STEAMER.

Two Excursionists Hurt in a Col-  
lision at Cleveland.

(By Associated Press.)

CLEVELAND, Sept. 6.—The schooner  
Emma C. Hutchinson, heavily laden  
with ore, crashed into the passenger  
steamer City of the Straits last night.  
The City of the Straits was just leav-  
ing the dock, and had a large excursion  
party on board. The schooner struck  
her aft, and the City of the Straits, on the  
starboard side, was torn away considerable of  
the light woodwork. Two passengers were  
slightly injured. The side of the steam-  
er was scraped for a distance of sixty  
feet, and the Hutchinson lost her bow-  
spirit.

The steamer was towed back to her  
dock and will go to Detroit to-day for  
repairs.

COOK PARTY BANQUET.

Arctic Excursionists Dine in Honor  
of Two Brave Captains.

(By Associated Press.)

SYDNEY, C. B., Sept. 6.—The Cook  
Arctic excursion was happily conclud-  
ed by a banquet last night, at Sydney Hotel,  
given in honor of Capt. William T. Far-  
rell, of the steamship Miranda, and Capt.  
George W. Dixon, of the American  
schooner Rigel, for their gallant conduct  
in saving the passengers of the Miranda  
and bringing them in safely to Sydney.  
James B. Russell, of New Haven, acted  
as toastmaster. Among the speakers  
were Prof. H. W. H. Brewer, of Yale;  
Prof. H. C. Johnson, of Pittsburgh; Dr. J.  
F. Valle, of St. Louis; Dr. H. M. Cramer,  
of New York; and Dr. Cook.

Songs by a quartet of Yale boys and  
music by an orchestra were interspersed.  
The party will break up to-day. About  
a dozen will go home by train. The  
others will take the steamer St. Pierre  
from here to Halifax, and the Portia  
thence to New York.

You read The Evening World?

Do you read the Sunday World?

# The

"Circulation Books Open to All."



# World.

"Circulation Books Open to All."

NEW YORK, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1894.

Those Same 20 Words

for that Same 10 Cents--

that's the work-wanting advertiser's  
word order. The work fol-  
lowing the order is the reason of  
The World's "Situation" super-  
acy.

PRICE ONE CENT.

## DRAYTON SUES FOR DIVORCE.

Hallett Alsop Borrowe Named  
as Co-respondent in  
the Suit.

PAPERS FILED IN TRENTON.

The Plaintiff Asks to Have the  
Custody of His Four  
Children.

THE ASTOR SCANDAL REVIVED.

How Harry Vane Millbank Decided  
that the Injured Husband Could  
Not Fight a Duel.

The domestic troubles of Mr. and Mrs.  
J. Coleman Drayton are to be aired in  
the divorce court. Mr. Drayton began a  
suit for divorce on June 27, but the fact  
only leaked out to-day. Hallett Alsop  
Borrowe is named as the co-respondent,  
which is no much of a surprise after  
the scandal which was aired so exten-  
sively a comparatively short time ago.  
The papers are now on file in the New  
Jersey State Court of Chancery in Tren-  
ton.

INDIVIDUAL GAZETTE.

No Sympathy for the Goulds

"Hanky-Panky" Secretiveness.

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON, Sept. 6.—The same spirit  
which was manifested when the crowds  
about Hyde and Cowes maintained a  
sullen silence when Vigilant beat Bri-  
tannia continues to manifest itself in  
some of the English papers.

For instance, the Westminster Gazette  
this afternoon, referring to the mis-  
fortunes of the American yacht and her  
owners, remarks:

"Mr. Gould can hardly have considered  
that he comes out of the business well.  
The Prince of Wales, it is obvious, has  
suffered annoyance from the manner in  
which he was treated, and it is per-  
fectly intelligible that Mr. Gould was  
compelled to accept precisely that favor  
from the Prince of Wales which he him-  
self declined to concede when the Prince  
of Wales wished to lay up his boat. It  
is a humiliating position, and it is hard  
to regard Mr. Gould's position with  
much sympathy."

"Moreover, it is the hanky-panky  
manner in which the incident was kept  
dark which does not recommend itself  
to British notions."

It is pleasant, however, to contrast  
with such reflections as those just  
quoted the opinion of the Times corre-  
spondent at Cowes, who, as already  
cabled, wrote: "It may be said that Mr.  
Gould acted in a thoroughly sporting  
spirit under trying and delicate circum-  
stances."

A THREAT BY JAPAN.

Promise Not to Molest Shanghai  
May Be Withdrawn.

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON, Sept. 6.—A despatch to The  
Times from Shanghai to-day says that  
the warlike operations are making slow  
progress.

It is reported that the Japanese have  
threatened to withdraw their promise  
not to molest Shanghai if the Kiangnan  
Arsenal is not closed.

This threat is supposed to be an indi-  
rect motive, which may possibly pro-  
voke the interference of Great Britain,  
as the arsenal is pronounced to be an  
unimportant establishment.

TO SUPPRESS CHIEF NANA.

Britain Will Send Gunboats to West  
Africa.

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON, Sept. 6.—The recent col-  
lisions with Chief Nana's tribesmen, at  
the mouth of the Benue River, West  
Africa, during which several English  
subjects were killed or wounded, has  
decided the Government to send gun-  
boats to suppress Chief Nana.

The trouble arises out of the opposi-  
tion of the natives of Benin to British  
traders.

MOORISH TROOPS ROUTED.

They Were on the Way to Repress  
Disorderly Tribesmen.

(By Associated Press.)

PARIS, Sept. 6.—A despatch received  
from Fez, Morocco, says that the  
troops commanded by the Sheriff of  
Lamarran, while en route to Marakesh  
with the object of subduing some re-  
bellious tribes, were completely routed  
at Tadia.

Kaiser Views the Manoeuvres.

(By Associated Press.)

KONIGSBERG, Sept. 6.—Emperor Wil-  
helm, the King of Saxony and Prince Al-  
brecht of Prussia were present early  
this morning at the military manoeuvres  
about South Altenberg.

Wire News in Brief.

The firm of Webster Brothers, dry goods dealers  
of Milwaukee, Wis., has failed. Five judgments  
were entered against the concern yesterday.

Amos C. Harwood, one of the wealthiest men  
in Rhode Island, died at Providence yesterday  
at the age of eighty-two of paralysis.

From Grower Direct to Consumer.

"Premier Brand" California wines and brandies  
produced from best varieties of foreign grapes.  
Small to double-sized imported wines. Pacific  
Coast Wine Co., 60 Broadway, N. Y.

## KNIGHTS MAY STRIKE, TOO.

15,000 May Join the Brother-  
hood Coatmakers Al-  
ready Out.

NOT A SYMPATHETIC MOVE.

The K. of L. Workmen, However,  
Have Grievances That Are  
Almost Identical.

EXECUTIVE BOARD'S SESSION.

New York and Brooklyn Delegates  
Held a Meeting at Liberty  
Hall This Morning.

The strike in the tailoring trade is  
growing hourly. In addition to the 15-  
000 persons now out of work by reason  
of the strike of the sweat-shop coat-  
makers belonging to the Brotherhood  
of Tailors, there is every reason to be-  
lieve that 15,000 tailors affiliated with  
the Knights of Labor will strike by to-  
night or to-morrow morning.

The Executive Board of the Knights,  
comprising five delegates from each of  
the nine unions controlling every branch  
of the tailoring trade were in session at  
Liberty Hall, 237 East Houston street,  
this morning, for the purpose of discuss-  
ing the advisability of ordering a gen-  
eral strike of workers in the tailoring  
trade. There were also several dele-  
gates from Brooklyn unions present.

Several of the delegates said the con-  
templated strike was not a sympathetic  
one by any means. They have griev-  
ances of their own, which are identical  
with those of the men now out. If the  
strike is ordered it will result in the  
calling out of 15,000 workers here and in  
Brooklyn.

The delegates present represented or-  
ganizations from tunic makers, knee-  
pants makers, and vest makers. The  
delegates all appear to favor the calling  
out of hand-to-hand and credit the ac-  
tion will be taken.

Heretofore there has been consid-  
erable friction between the K. of L. work-  
ers and the striking coatmakers of the  
Brotherhood of Tailors, which is af-  
filiated with the Federation of Labor.

The differences between them went so  
far as to break out in sporadic cases  
of hand-to-hand conflict between the  
striking and members of Local Union  
No. 4, K. of L., on account of the alleged  
practice of this Union of filling the  
places of the Federation strikers.

Several hours later a committee was  
sent by the remaining members of the  
Union to notify the Brotherhood that a  
mass-meeting would be called for the  
purpose of uniting all factions to join  
in a general strike. This offer was  
looked upon with suspicion by the Bro-  
therhood tailors, and they seized a great  
number of circulars that had been issued  
for the mass-meeting, and burned them  
last night in front of the strikers' head-  
quarters, 71 Suffolk street.

About the same time this was done  
fifty-five delegates of the K. of L. came  
together at Liberty Hall to discuss the  
advisability of ordering the coat, vest  
and pantwaik workers under their juris-  
diction to join the strike. The delegates  
represented the following unions:

International Tailors' Union No. 46 (coat-  
makers under the task system), with a  
membership of 1,000; Vestmakers' Union  
No. 11, with a membership of 1,000; Tailors'  
Progressive Union No. 11, with a mem-  
bership of 2,500; Vestmakers' Union  
No. 48, with a membership of 1,000;  
Children's Jacket Makers' Union of New  
York, with a membership of 1,000; Child-  
ren's Jacket Makers' Union No. 518, num-  
bering 500; Knee-pants Makers' Union of  
Brooklyn, 1,000; Pantmakers' Union of  
Brooklyn, 200; and Tailors' Union of  
Brooklyn, 100.

In addition to these numbers about  
1,000 fellers and button-hole makers will  
be thrown out of work, and it is ex-  
pected that all the cutters in the K. of  
L. will likewise go out in sympathy.

The conference between the Brother-  
hood strikers and the contractors yes-

terday was a failure. The contractors  
refused to agree to the demands of the  
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## STIRRING WAR NEWS TO-DAY.



Combined Attack by Land and Sea on Camp Morton.

## MAY HAVE A CYCLONE.

Indications that One Is Forming  
in the Gulf of Mexico.

Said to Be Moving Northward Along  
the Coast.

Forecaster Dunn Says the Drought  
Will Soon Be Broken.

About noon to-day word was received  
at the local weather bureau from the  
South that there were indications of a  
cyclone forming in the Gulf of Mexico.  
It was said to be moving in a north-  
westerly direction and would probably  
come up the coast after passing Florida.

The velocity of the storm had not  
been ascertained, and it was impossi-  
ble to tell when it might reach this lat-  
itude, if it should extend so far.

Weather Forecaster Dunn gives some  
encouragement that the long drought  
from which New York and its vicinity  
has been suffering so greatly will soon  
be broken.

"There are conditions prevailing to-day  
all over the country," he said, "which ad-  
vocate to speedy relief, although it  
cannot be said that there are any storms  
close at hand."

"The barometric pressure is lower all  
over the Western and Central States,  
and is still falling while the high pres-  
sure which has prevailed over the eastern  
part of the country and along the North  
Atlantic seaboard is gradually  
moving to the eastward."

"If this movement continues we are  
bound to have a rain in the next two  
or three days, and I shouldn't  
be surprised if we got a good deal of it."

Mr. Dunn went on to say that the  
drought during the last month had been  
something phenomenal. The average  
annual rainfall in the country was  
years for New York City had been about  
fifty-two inches.

"Since the beginning of the year and  
up to the present time we are 10.53 inches  
short of this average, which indicates  
a drought of 10.53 inches, or in other  
words, we are 10.53 inches short of the  
normal rainfall for the year."

"The greatest loss was made during  
the month of August, when the rain-  
fall was 2.21 inches below the average.  
In July we fell 1.53 inches short; in  
June 2.5 inches and in May 3.6 inches,  
so that it will be seen that ever since  
the early Spring the shortage has been  
piling up."

"In fact, it has been the worst sum-  
mer for dry weather on record since  
the Weather Bureau began to make its  
observations."

The little sprinkle which occurred  
early this morning, according to Mr.  
Dunn, cannot be regarded as the fore-  
runner of the expected rain storm,  
which is yet out of sight.

Only one-one hundredth of an inch  
fell, and this was due to the high pres-  
sure in the lake region and the North-  
eastern part of the State moving down  
and causing a slight condensation of the  
moisture with which the atmosphere  
hereabouts is saturated.

The temperature here and over the New  
England States is from 8 to 15 degrees  
cooler this morning, and cooler weather  
is promised for New York to-morrow.

In the Northwest the rise in tempera-  
ture was about in the same proportion.  
The dense fog which continued to hang  
all over the North Atlantic coast has  
greatly interfered with ocean traffic  
and has caused considerable loss of  
time and money.

One of the peculiarities of the past  
month has been the fact that no cy-  
clones or tropical storms reported off  
the coast. These are usually of frequent  
occurrence during August and the early  
part of September.

The temperature here this morning at  
8 o'clock was 70 degrees. That at New-  
York was reported at 68; Albany, 66; Buffalo,  
62; Chicago, 68; St. Louis, 72; St. Paul,  
66. The coolest place in the country was  
Helena, Mont., where the mercury stood  
at 48, and the hottest at Key West, which  
was 84.

The official forecast at noon to-day  
was generally fair weather, with  
stationary temperature and a few sprin-  
kles during the afternoon and evening,  
and cooler weather before to-morrow  
morning.

## TORNADO IN OKLAHOMA.

Two Children Drowned and a Num-  
ber of Houses Wrecked.

(By Associated Press.)

GUTHRIE, O. T., Sept. 4.—A severe  
storm visited the country north of here  
Monday night. In the eastern part of

## NOT ON THE RECORD.

Accounts of Elmira Paddings  
Were Frequently Omitted.

Head Keeper Sample Has Frequent  
Lapses of Memory.

He Remembered Striking a Prisoner  
Who Declined to Be Punished.

The third day of the defense of Supt.  
Brookway and the managers of the El-  
mira Reformatory against the charges of  
mismanagement of that institution and  
of gross cruelty to the inmates was  
resumed shortly after 10 o'clock this  
morning in parlor D R of the Fifth Ave-  
nue Hotel.

Head-Keeper Samuel D. Sample, yester-  
day to permit of the introduction of  
other testimony, was recalled to the  
chair, and ex-Judge Gilbert questioned  
him about the punishment meted out to  
inmates Daniel Burke and James Cun-  
ningham.

Sample said the first-named inmate  
had been punished on two different oc-  
casions.

Judge Gilbert then produced the record  
of the Reformatory to show that Burke  
had been punished only once.

Sample said he never found it neces-  
sary to apply the hot hook. He had fre-  
quently seen Brookway strike prisoners  
and seemed surprised that they were  
punished.

He said he remembered inmate Lynch  
who, he said, was paddled by Brookway.  
All such punishments were re-  
corded in the Reformatory book, he  
said, but he could not explain why there  
was no account of Lynch having been  
punished.

Yesterday, under direct examination,  
Sample displayed a marvellous memory  
for the smallest details. This morning  
he showed frequent lapses of memory  
and seemed utterly confused in his  
mind.

The witness was asked about inmate  
Friedelbach, Wilson and Beaman and  
admitted that he had seen them in the  
bathrooms, where he was cuffed and  
hauled up by the pulley and thus forced  
to take the position required of all in-  
mates when paddled.

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